CITY OF HURON, CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Year Ending June 30, 2017

City of Huron TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2017

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	3
Statement of Activities	4
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	Ĭ
to the Net Position of Governmental Activities in the	
Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances (Deficits) – Governmental Funds	7
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities	8
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	ç
Statement in Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	10
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	11
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	12
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	13
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	38
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – HOME Grant	39
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – CDBG Grant	40
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Measure C	41
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Street Projects	42
Combining and Individual Fund Statements:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds	44
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Non-major Governmental Funds	45
Additional Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on	
an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	40

Albert & Associates, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Huron, California:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Huron, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Huron, California's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Huron, California, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 38 through 42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in

AGRI-BUSINESS CENTER
2235 Highway 46 • Suite 101 • Wasco, CA 93280
Phone 661/758-1191 • 661/399-2236 • Fax 661/758-6195
cpafirm@albert-cpa.com

an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Huron, California's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Huron, California's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Huron, California's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Albert & Associates, LLP

Wasco, California January 9, 2018

City of Huron STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

	overnmental Activities	iness-Type Activities	 Total
Assets:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,368,521	\$ 1,446,387	\$ 5,814,908
Receivables, net	349,373	280,674	630,047
Prepaid Expenses	45,009	-	45,009
Internal Balances	69,109	(69,109)	-
Due From RDA Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund	480,227	-	480,227
Land Held For Resale	 923,574	 <u>-</u>	 923,574
Total Current Assets	6,235,813	1,657,952	7,893,765
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Land	260,935	212,547	473,482
Construction In Pogress	795,479	-	795,479
Depreciable Buildings, Property, Equipment			
and Infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation	6,367,914	6,918,663	13,286,577
Notes Receivable	 6,752,436	 	 6,752,436
Total Noncurrent Assets	14,176,764	 7,131,210	 21,307,974
Total Assets	 20,412,577	 8,789,162	 29,201,739
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	111,544	87,827	199,371
Accrued Wages	21,787	3,771	25,558
Deposits Received	-	13,900	13,900
Accrued Interest Payable	_	15,036	15,036
Bonds and Notes Payable Due Within One Year	 	 79,000	 79,000
Total Current Liabilities	133,331	199,534	332,865
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds and Notes Payable Due in More Than One Year	_	2,055,525	2,055,525
Unearned Revenue	3,322,405	2,000,020	3,322,405
Compensated Absences	100,060	 	 100,060
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,422,465	2,055,525	5,477,990
Total Liabilities	 3,555,796	 2,255,059	 5,810,855
Net Position:			
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	7,424,328	4,996,685	12,421,013
Restricted For:	. , 1,020	.,550,000	, 1,0 10
Transportation and Public Works	1,947,235	_	1,947,235
Housing and Community Redevelopment	6,518,496	_	6,518,496
Debt Service	-	179,788	179,788
Public Safety	_	-	-
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 966,722	 1,357,630	 2,324,352
Net Position	\$ 16,856,781	\$ 6,534,103	\$ 23,390,884

City of Huron STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2017

				F	Progra	am Revenue	es		 •	•	nses) Revenu es in Net Posi	
Functions / Programs	_ E	Expenses	C	charges for Services	Co	perating ntributions nd Grants		Capital ontributions and Grants	vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:	<u></u>							_				
General Government	\$	549,517	\$	233,844	\$	-	\$	50	\$ (315,623)	\$	-	\$ (315,623)
Public Safety		1,645,897		204,062		109,324		795,479	(537,032)		-	(537,032)
Public Works		348,704		9,430		90,911		484,631	236,268		-	236,268
Community Development		318,962		81,861		-		-	(237,101)		-	(237,101)
Parks and Recreation		58,310		16,326		11,040		-	(30,944)		-	(30,944)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		<u>-</u>		-		·-			 - '		-	
Total Governmental Activities		2,921,390		545,523		211,275		1,280,160	 (884,432)		-	(884,432)
Business-Type Activities:												
Water Utility		1,033,505		1,133,119		-		-	-		99,614	99,614
Water Reclamation and Sewer		761,082		720,602		-		-	-		(40,480)	(40,480)
Refuse Collection and Disposal		575,128		597,003		-		5,000	-		26,875	26,875
Total Business-Type Activities		2,369,715		2,450,724		-		5,000	-		86,009	86,009
Total	\$	5,291,105	\$	2,996,247	\$	211,275	\$	1,285,160	\$ (884,432)	\$	86,009	\$ (798,423)
	(General Rev Taxes:	enu	es:								
		Property	, Ta						90,862			90,862
		Sales Ta		^					530,801		-	530,801
		Utility Us		Tax					150,784		_	150,784
		Franchis							35,446		_	35,446
				ax tion of Gas T	Γav				132,830		_	132,830
		Other Ta			ax				2,176			2,176
				nental, Unre	etrict	od:			2,170		_	2,170
		•		nicle In-lieu T		cu.			556,397		-	556,397
		Total Ta	ixes						1,499,296		-	1,499,296
		Unrestricte	ed in	vestment ea	rning	S			33,375		_	33,375
		Sale of Inv							196,835		-	196,835
	7	Fransfers		•					76,713		(76,713)	-
	Tot	tal General F	Reve	enues and Tr	ransf	ers			1,806,219		(76,713)	1,729,506
	Ch	ange in Net	Pos	ition					921,787		9,296	931,083
	Ne	t Position - E	Begi	nning					15,934,994		6,524,807	22,459,801
	Ne	t Position - E	Endi	ng					\$ 16,856,781	\$	6,534,103	\$ 23,390,884

City of Huron BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

	_	General		HOME Grant	_	CDBG Grant	M	easure C		Street Projects		Non-Major overnmental Funds	<u> </u>	Total Sovernment
Assets:	Φ.	0.000.000	•		•		•	000 070	•		Φ	4 0 4 0 5 0 0	•	4 000 504
Cash and Investments	\$	2,396,980	\$	-	\$	-	\$	922,978	\$	-	\$	1,048,563	\$	4,368,521
Receivables, net		117,512		-		-		13,066		-		218,795		349,373
Prepaid Costs		45,009		-		-		-		-		-		45,009
Due from Other Funds		1,303,505				-		-		-		-		1,303,505
Notes Receivable		<u>-</u>		4,786,047		1,088,730		-		-		877,659		6,752,436
Land Held for Resale		923,574		-		-		-		-			_	923,574
Total Assets	\$	4,786,580	\$	4,786,047	\$	1,088,730	\$	936,044	\$	-	\$	2,145,017	\$	13,742,418
Liabilities:														
Accounts Payable	\$	68,907	\$	_	\$	3,909	\$	13,868	\$	9,178	\$	15,682	\$	111,544
Accrued Wages	*	17,236	*	-	•	-	*	59	*	-	*	4,492	•	21,787
Due to Other Funds		427,861		46.847		53,424				94,122		131,915		754,169
Unearned Revenue		3,204,521		-		-		-		-		117,884		3,322,405
		-, - ,-										,		.,. ,
Total Liabilities		3,718,525		46,847		57,333		13,927		103,300		269,973		4,209,905
Deferred Inflows of Resources:														
Unavailable Revenue		-		4,786,047		1,088,730		-		-		850,111		6,724,888
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		4,786,047		1,088,730		-		-		850,111		6,724,888
Fund Balances:														
Nonspendable:														
Land Held for Resale		923.574		-		_		-		-		-		923.574
Prepaid Costs		45.009		-		_		_		_		-		45,009
Restricted:		.0,000												.0,000
Community Development		_		-		_		_		_		-		-
Streets and Transportation		_		-		_		922.117		_		983.417		1,905,534
Law Enforcement		_		-		_		-		_		-		-
Impact Fees		_		-		_		_		_		145,001		145,001
Unassigned		99,472		(46,847)		(57,333)		-		(103,300)		(103,485)		(211,493)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		1,068,055		(46,847)		(57,333)		922,117		(103,300)		1,024,933		2,807,625
,				/		, , , , , , , ,		,		, , , , , , ,				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	\$	4,786,580	\$	4,786,047	Ф	1,088,730	\$	936,044	¢		\$	2,145,017	Ф	12 7/2 /10
Resources, and Fund Balances	Φ	4,700,080	Φ	4,700,047	Φ	1,000,730	Φ	930,044	Φ	-	Φ	2,140,017	ф	13,742,418

City of Huron RECONCILIATION OF THE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 2,807,625
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of are different because:	of net position	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the Governme Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position incapital assets among the assets of the City as a whole.	ntal Funds	
Beginning Balance, net of depreciation Current Year Additions Transfers to RDA Successor Agency	\$ 6,666,342 989,730	
Current Year Depreciation Ending Balance, net of depreciation	(231,744)	7,424,328
Long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-peri are considered deferred revenue for the Government Funds However, these assets are included in the Statement of Net	Balance Sheet.	6,724,888
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current pe therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the Governmental Balance Sheet. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are in the Statement of Net Position.	Funds	
Long-Term Debt Compensated Absences Total Long-Term Liabilities	(100,060)	(100,060)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 16,856,781

City of Huron STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2017

		General	 HOME Grant	_	CDBG Grant	Measure C	_	Street Projects	lon-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$	793,744	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 16,326	\$	810,070
Licenses & Permits		195,086	-		-	-		-	1,117		196,203
Intergovernmental		1,368,323	57,600		490,625	232,793		251,838	333,065		2,734,244
Charges for Services		111,265	-		-	-		-	-		111,265
Fines, Forfeitures & Assessments		40,294	-		-	-		-	-		40,294
Use of Money or Property		87,690	-		-	-		-	2,906		90,596
Loan Payments		-	-		14,633	-		-	-		14,633
Contributions & Donations		-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous		135,181	-		-	-		-			135,181
Total Revenues		2,731,583	57,600		505,258	232,793		251,838	353,414		4,132,486
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General Government		265,299	-		-	-		-	-		265,299
Public Safety		1,262,015	-		-	-		-	113,816		1,375,831
Public Works		41,537	-		-	13,359		-	378,596		433,492
Community Development		126,978	-		39,990	-		-	70,330		237,298
Parks and Recreation		35,256	-		-	-		-	-		35,256
Capital Outlay:											
General Capital Outlay		807,630	-		220,020	-		-	-		1,027,650
Street Improvements		-	-		-	61,673		133,929	-		195,602
Debt Service:											
Principal Retirement		-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Interest and Finance Charges		-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures	_	2,538,715	-		260,010	75,032		133,929	562,742		3,570,428
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		192,868	57,600		245,248	157,761		117,909	(209,328)		562,058
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers In		76,713	-		-	-		-	-		76,713
Transfers Out		-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Sale of Inventory		196,835	-		-	-		-			196,835
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	273,548	-		-	-		-			273,548
Net Change in Fund Balances		466,416	57,600		245,248	157,761		117,909	(209,328)		835,606
Fund Balances - Beginning		601,639	(104,447)		(302,581)	764,356		(221,209)	1,234,261		1,972,019
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,068,055	\$ (46,847)	\$	(57,333)	\$ 922,117	\$	(103,300)	\$ 1,024,933	\$	2,807,625

City of Huron RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	835,606
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Government funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives, and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures (\$989,730) exceeded depreciation (\$231,744) in the current period.		757,986
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance has no effect on net assets.		-
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the government funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		-
Long-term compensated absence expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and		(24.240)
therefore are not reported as expenditures in government funds.		(34,249)
Earned long-term assets not available to pay for current-period expenditures are not recognized as revenue in the government funds. Revenue in the Statement of Activities is not limited by availability. This adjustment is the amount by which unavailable deferred revenue at the beginning of the year (\$7,362,444) is exceeded by unavailable deferred revenue at the end of the year (\$6,724,888).		(637,556)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	921,787
Change in het position of governmental activities	Ψ	321,707

City of Huron STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

	 Water Utility	_	Water Reclamation and Sewer	_ 8	Refuse Collection and Disposal	F	Total Proprietary
Assets:							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$ 510,229	\$	936,158	\$		\$	1,446,387
Receivables, net	113,091		96,271		71,312		280,674
Due from Other Funds	 -		427,861		-		427,861
Total Current Assets	623,320		1,460,290		71,312		2,154,922
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets:							
Land	-		212,547		-		212,547
Depreciable Buildings, Property, Equipment							
and Infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation	 3,528,475		3,390,188		<u>-</u>		6,918,663
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,528,475		3,602,735		-		7,131,210
Total Assets	\$ 4,151,795	\$	5,063,025	\$	71,312	\$	9,286,132
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 15,812	\$	30,174	\$	41,841	\$	87,827
Accrued Wages	1,343		1,218		1,210		3,771
Customer Deposits	13,900		-		-		13,900
Accrued Interest Payable	11,704		3,332		-		15,036
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	59,000		20,000		-		79,000
Due to Other Funds	 -		-		496,970		496,970
Total Current Liabilities	 101,759		54,724		540,021		696,504
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Bonds and Notes Payable	 1,177,525		878,000				2,055,525
Total Nicoscope of Link William	 4 477 505		070.000		_		0.055.505
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 1,177,525		878,000		-	-	2,055,525
Total Liabilities	1,279,284		932,724		540,021		2,752,029
Net Position:							
Invested in Capital Assets, net							
of related debt	2,291,950		2,704,735		-		4,996,685
Restricted For:							
Debt Service (expendable)	121,613		58,175		-		179,788
Unrestricted	 458,948		1,367,391		(468,709)		1,357,630
Net Position	\$ 2,872,511	\$	4,130,301	\$	(468,709)	\$	6,534,103

City of Huron STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2017

	Water Utility			Water eclamation and Sewer	С	Refuse collection d Disposal	<u> </u>	Total roprietary
Operating Revenues:	_		_		_		_	
Charges for Services	\$	1,129,389	\$	718,809	\$	597,003	\$	2,445,201
Total Operating Revenues		1,129,389		718,809		597,003		2,445,201
Operating Expenses:								
Contractual Services		242,504		356,435		479,010		1,077,949
Personnel Services and Benefits		90,952		81,179		76,878		249,009
Operations and Maintenance		157,879		39,942		5,684		203,505
Utilities		118,080		77,423		-		195,503
Water Purchases		92,838		-		-		92,838
Administrative Costs		96,200		40,977		13,556		150,733
Depreciation		175,976		126,129				302,105
Total Operating Expenses		974,429		722,085		575,128		2,271,642
Operating Income (Loss)		154,960		(3,276)		21,875		173,559
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest Income		-		-		-		-
Connection and Impact Fees		3,730		1,793		-		5,523
Intergovernmental		-		-		5,000		5,000
Interest Expense		(59,076)		(38,997)				(98,073)
Total Nonoperating								
Revenues (Expenses)		(55,346)		(37,204)		5,000		(87,550)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions								
and Transfers		99,614		(40,480)		26,875		86,009
Capital Contributions		-		-		-		-
Transfers In		-		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-		(76,713)		(76,713)
Change in Net Position		99,614		(40,480)		(49,838)		9,296
Net Position - Beginning		2,772,897		4,170,781		(418,871)		6,524,807
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,872,511	\$	4,130,301	\$	(468,709)	\$	6,534,103

City of Huron STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2017

		Water Utility		Water Reclamation and Sewer	Refuse Collection and Disposal	F	Total Proprietary
Cash flows from operating activities:					<u> </u>		
Cash received from:							
Customers, including cash deposits	\$	1,126,544	\$	714,600	\$ 600,834	\$	2,441,978
Cash paid to:		(720 FF7)		(F00 706)	(406,000)		(4 707 055)
Suppliers & Contractors Employees		(739,557) (92,838)		(500,796) (83,358)	(496,902) (79,348)		(1,737,255) (255,544)
Linployees		(92,030)		(63,336)	(19,340)		(233,344)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		294,149		130,446	24,584		449,179
Net cash provided from noncapital financing activities:							
Cash transferred from other funds		490,000		810,000	47,129		1,347,129
Cash transferred to other funds		-		-	(76,713)		(76,713)
Connection fees		3,730		1,793	-		5,523
Intergovernmental revenue		-		-	5,000		5,000
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		493,730		811,793	(24,584)		1,280,939
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Principal payments:							
Bonds		(30,000)		(2,000)	-		(32,000)
Certificates of Participation		(23,000)		(17,000)			(40,000)
Interest paid		(59,076)		(38,997)	-		(98,073)
Purchase of capital assets		(165,617)		-	-		(165,617)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(277,693)		(57,997)	-		(335,690)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		_		_	_		_
	_						
Net cash provided by investing activities		-		-	-		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash		510,186		884,242	-		1,394,428
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year		43		51,916	-		51,959
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$	510,229	\$	936,158	\$ -	\$	1,446,387
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by	Operating Act	ivi	tios:			
Neconomication of Operating Income to Net Gash Frontieu (Oseu	, by	Operating Act		ues.			
Operating income (loss)	\$	154,960	\$	(3,276)	\$ 21,875	\$	173,559
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		175,976		126,129	_		302,105
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(5,445)		(4,209)	3,831		(5,823)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(32,056)		13,981	1,348		(16,727)
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages		(1,886)		(2,179)	(2,470)		(6,535)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		2,600					2,600
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	294,149	\$	130,446	\$ 24,584	\$	449,179
				·			

City of Huron STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2017

		nsion Plan ust Fund	RDA Successor Agenc Private Purpose Trust Fund				
Assets:	_		_				
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	68,934			
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		60,371		359,535			
Receivables, net Due from the City of Huron		-		-			
Due nom the City of Hulon		-					
Total Assets		60,371		428,469			
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable		_		2,601			
Accrued Wages		-		1,360			
Interest Payable		-		22,279			
Due to the City of Huron		-		480,227			
Unearned Revenue		-		296,284			
Long-Term Debt				3,390,000			
Total Liabilities				4,192,751			
Net Position:							
Held in Trust For:							
Pension Benefits		60,371					
Retirement of Obligations of the Former							
Huron Redevelopment Agency				(3,764,282)			
Net Position	\$	60,371	\$	(3,764,282)			

City of Huron STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Five Months Ended June 30, 2017

			RDA
	sion Plan ust Fund	Priva	essor Agency ate Purpose rust Fund
Additions:			
Taxes	\$ -	\$	517,673
Use of Money or Property	-		-
Miscellaneous	 -		-
Total Additions	 -		517,673
Deductions:			
Benefits	-		-
Administration	-		-
Community Development			159,368
Interest and Finance Charges	-		253,772
Total Deductions	 		413,140
Change in Net Position	-		104,533
Net Position - Beginning	 60,371		(3,868,815)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 60,371	\$	(3,764,282)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the City of Huron (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following summary of the City's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements and other data in this report. These policies should be viewed as an integral part of the accompanying basic financial statements.

A - Reporting Entity

The City of Huron, California was incorporated in 1951. The City is a full-service city and operates under a Council - Manager form of government, providing the following services: general government; public safety; public works; and development and conservation. The City is located in Fresno County approximately 50 miles southwest of Fresno, the county government seat.

The City has defined its reporting entity in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included in the reporting entity. The Basic Financial Statements present information on the activities of the reporting entity, including all the fund types of the City (the primary government) and its component units.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the component units be separated into blended or discretely presented units for reporting purposes. Although legally separate entities, blended component units are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Therefore, they are reported as part of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The City has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

On May 1, 1996, the City and the former Huron Redevelopment Agency entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement establishing the Huron Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") for the purpose of issuing its bonds to be used to provide financial assistance to the City, the Agency or any other public entity of the State of California. The funds of this component unit report no activity for the year. Separate financial statements are not available for the Authority. The City Council of Huron is the governing body for the Authority.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

B - Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's sewer, water and refuse function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses have been allocated to major functions in order to present a more accurate and complete picture of the cost of services. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operation fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

 Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. The government has determined that a fund is important to the financial statement user.

The major funds are as follows:

Governmental Funds

The <u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund accounts for the traditional government services of the City such as police, planning, and general administrative services.

The <u>HOME Grant Fund</u> accounts for HOME Grant funds received through the California Department of Housing and Community Development. These grant funds are used for first time home buyer assistance. Qualified applicants can get gap financing under this program for the purchase of their first home. All program income must be accounted for and kept in a reuse fund where it can then be accumulated and lent back out on HOME eligible activities.

The <u>CDBG Grant Fund</u> accounts for funds received through the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program. The grant funds are disbursed to homeowners who meet low and moderate income guidelines and qualify for the CDBG program as deferred loans, grants or below market interest rate loans. All program income must be accounted for and kept in a reuse fund where it can then be accumulated and lent back out.

The <u>Measure C Fund</u> accounts for funds received from the County of Fresno for transportation related programs.

The <u>Street Projects Fund</u> accounts for special state grants that are legally restricted to construction and maintenance of local roads within the City limits.

Proprietary Funds

The <u>Water Utility Fund</u> is used to account for the provisions of water service to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

The <u>Water Reclamation and Sewer Fund</u> is used to account for the provisions of sewer service to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

The <u>Refuse Collection Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and disposal of refuse within the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30. 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

Fiduciary Fund

The Pension Plan Trust Fund account for assets held by the City trustee for the City's pension plan.

The <u>RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for monies received from the Fresno County Auditor Controller for the repayment of the enforceable obligations of the former Huron Redevelopment Agency. These funds are restricted for the sole purpose of payment of items on an approved Recognized Payment Obligation Schedule (ROPS).

C - Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of the economic measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets (deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are noncurrent). Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Revenues which are susceptible to accrual include property taxes and special assessments that are levied for and due for the fiscal year and collected within 60 days after year-end. Licenses, permits, fines, forfeits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as governmental fund type revenues when received in cash because they are not generally measurable until actually received. Revenue from taxpayer assessed taxes, such as sales taxes, are recognized in the accounting period in which they became both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Grant funds and reimbursements of expenses under contractual agreements are reported in governmental fund types and are recorded as a receivable when earned rather than when susceptible to accrual. Generally, this occurs when authorized expenditures are made under the grant program or contractual agreement. Expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed by the proprietary fund and fiduciary funds. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

D - Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity, and Other Financial Statement Items

Cash and Investments

Cash and investment balances of each of the City's funds, except for funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures, are pooled in order to take advantage of an effective investment strategy. Income earned from pooled investments is allocated to each of the funds based on average pooled cash balances during the year. Deficit cash balances are classified as due to other funds and funded by the General Fund or related operating fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

California Government Code authorizes the Agency to invest in the following types of investments:

		Maximum	Minimum
	Maximum	Specified %	Quality
Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Of Portfolio	Requirements
Local Agency Bonds	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
State Obligations	5 Years	None	None
CA Local Agency Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 Years	None	None
Bankers' Acceptance	180 Days	40%	None
Commercial Paper - Select Agencies	270 Days	25%	A-1
Commercial Paper - Other Agencies	270 Days	40%	A-1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None
CD Placement Service	5 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 Years	30%	Α
Mutual and Money Market Fund	N/A	20%	Multiple
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 Years	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	AA
Bank/Time Deposits	5 Years	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pool	N/A	None	Multiple
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by the provisions of the Agency's debt agreement rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code.

For purposes of the Combined Statement of Cash Flows for the Proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalents includes all pooled cash investments, non-pooled restricted cash and restricted investments with an original maturity of three months or less. The City considers the investments held in LAIF to be a demand deposit account where funds may be withdrawn and deposited at any time without prior notice or penalty.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund receivables/interfund payables (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (the noncurrent portion) of interfund loans. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as interfund receivables/interfund payables. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

All trade and tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and estimated refunds due.

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes are levied during September of each year for the fiscal year beginning with the preceding July 1 and ending the following June 30. They become a lien on real property on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. The Kern County Assessor establishes the value of the property on January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1, and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. In 1978, a state constitutional amendment (Proposition 13) provided that the tax rate be limited to 1% of market value, levied only by the County and shared with all other jurisdictions. Such limitation on the rate may only be increased through voter approval. The County collects property taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of the taxing jurisdiction's assessed valuations and on the tax rate for voter-approved debt.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, traffic signals, drainage systems and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 8
Infrastructure	20 - 75

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and comp time, and sick pay benefits. Sick leave must be used in the year it is earned and is not allowed to be carried over to subsequent years. Vacation and comp time pay liabilities are calculated at full value based on the employee's current rate of pay. All compensated absence pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

Net Invested In Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$8,645,519 of restricted net position, all of which is restricted externally by grantors, creditors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is the City's policy to use restricted net position first, and then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

Fund Balance – Government Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Board of Director resolution. This includes the budget reserve account.

Assigned – Amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Amounts may be assigned by the City Manager.

Unassigned – All other spendable amounts.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which all restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply in the following order, except for instances wherein an ordinance specifies the fund balance: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance requirements.

Appropriated Budget and Budgetary Control

The City Council is required to adopt an annual budget resolution by July 1 of each fiscal year for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects funds. The budgets are presented for reporting purposes on a budgetary basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City of Huron Public Financing Authority does not adopt a budget for its general fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments requires the approval of the council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. Unexpended or unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are reappropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

The City Council adopts budgets for the Enterprise and Internal Service funds. However, all Proprietary fund types are accounted for on a cost of service (net income), or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. As a result, budget comparisons are impractical. Additionally, the City is not legally mandated to report the results of operations for these Proprietary fund types on a budget comparison basis; therefore, budgetary data related to these funds has not been presented.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers some employees a deferred compensation plan. The assets, all property and rights purchased with such amounts and all income attributable to such amounts, are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and the beneficiaries. The plan is administered by independent plan administrators through administrative service agreements. The City does not have fiduciary responsibility for the plan assets.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The City pools all of its cash and investments except those funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures.

The following is a summary of the City's cash and investments as classified in the accompanying financial statements:

Pooled Cash and Investments - Governmental Funds Pooled Cash and Investments - Proprietary Funds Cash and Investments - Fiduciary Funds Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents - Fiduciary Funds	\$ 4,368,521 1,446,387 68,934 419,906
Total	\$ 6,303,748
Cash and investments at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:	
Cash on Hand Demand Deposits Investments	\$ 750 5,878,290 424,708
Total	\$ 6,303,748

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2017

Note 2 – Cash and Investments, (continued)

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2017, all of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in fully collateralized accounts, as permitted by the California Government Code.

Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an Agent of Depository has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository is considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

Investments:

The City had the following investments at June 30, 2017:

Investment Type	F	air Value	Maturity Date
State Treasurer's Investment Pool (LAIF) Held by Trustees:	\$	2,739	N/A
Cash and Short Term Investments		359,535	N/A
Mutual Funds		62,434	N/A
Total Investments	\$	424,708	

LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are certain derivative securities or similar products, such as structured notes and asset backed securities. LAIF's and the City's exposure to credit, market, or legal risk is not available. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. LAIF is regulated by the California Government Code.

Interest rate risk – The City's exposure to interest rate risk is identified by the above weighted average maturities. The City has no investment policy for interest rate risk.

Credit rating risk – The City is required to disclose the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). At June 30, 2017, the Credit ratings for the money market funds, mutual funds and investments in LAIF were unavailable. The City has no investment policy for credit risk.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 2 – Cash and Investments, (continued)

Concentration of credit risk - The City is required to disclose any investment in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. As such, the City has no concentration of credit risk that exceeds 5%. The City has no investment policy for concentration of credit risk.

Custodial credit risk - For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF). The City has no investment policy for custodial credit risk.

Restricted Investments with Fiscal Agents

Fiduciary Fund Activities:

Pension Plan Trust Fund – All pension plan investments are required to be held in a reserve account.	<u>\$</u>	60,371
RDA Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund:		
Tax Allocation Bonds – The trustee is required to hold, in a reserve account, funds necessary to secure bonds until 2036.	\$	158,569
Revenue Bonds – The trustee is required to hold, in a reserve account, funds necessary to secure bonds until 2036 and to hold unexpended funds for future		200.066
expenditures within the RDA project area.		200,966
Total	\$	359,535

Note 3 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

	General Fund	CDBG Grant	М	easure C		Street Projects		on-Major vernmental Funds	Gov	Total /ernmental
Governmental Activities:	 									
Accounts receivable, net Due from governments Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 3,442 114,070 -	\$ - - -	\$	- 13,066 -	\$	- - -	\$	- 218,795 -	\$	3,442 345,931 -
Total	\$ 117,512	\$ -	\$	13,066	\$	-	\$	218,795	\$	349,373
	Water Utility	Water eclamation and Sewer	С	Refuse ollection d Disposal	Bus	Total siness-Type				
Business-Type Activities:	 									
Accounts receivable, net Due from governments Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 113,091 - -	\$ 63,810 32,461 -	\$	71,312 - -	\$	248,213 32,461 -	_			
Total	\$ 113,091	\$ 96,271	\$	71,312	\$	280,674	=			

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, Advances and Transfers

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

Fund		Due From ther Funds	0	Due To Other Funds			
Government Funds:	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
General Fund	\$	1,303,505	\$	427,861			
HOME Grant	*	-	*	46,847			
CDBG Grant		-		53,424			
Street Projects		-		94,122			
Non-Major Funds		-		131,915			
Total Governmental Funds		1,303,505		754,169			
Proprietary Funds:							
Water Utility		-		-			
Water Reclamation and Sewer		427,861		-			
Refuse Collection and Disposal		-		496,970			
Total Proprietary Funds		427,861		496,970			
Fiduciary Funds:							
RDA Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund		-		480,227			
Total Fiduciary Funds		-		480,227			
Total Due From/To	\$	1,731,366	\$	1,731,366			

The above balances represent money advanced for cash shortages or expenditures to be reimbursed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 4 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, Advances and Transfers, (continued)

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

	Tra	ansfers In	Transfers Out			
Governmental Funds: General Fund	\$	76,713	\$	-		
Proprietary Funds: Refuse Collection and Disposal				76,713		
Total Transfers	\$	76,713_	\$	76,713		

Composition and purpose of interfund transfers is as follows:

General fund transfers in of \$76,713 consist of \$76,713 transferred from the Refuse Collection and Disposal fund representing a franchise fee payment.

Note 5 - Land Held for Resale

At June 30, 2017, inventory consisted of 96 acres of land in the General fund valued at original cost of \$906,043.

Note 6 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Ju	Balance June 30, 2016		Additions	_	Deletions	 Transfers	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$	260,935	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	260,935
Construction in Progress		-		795,479		-	-		795,479
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		260,935		795,479		-	-		1,056,414
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:									
Buildings and Improvements		7,509,937		194,251		-	-		7,704,188
Machinery and Equipment		689,959		-		-	-		689,959
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		8,199,896		194,251		-	-		8,394,147
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings and Improvements		1,256,520		198,417		-	-		1,454,937
Machinery and Equipment		537,969		33,327		-	-		571,296
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,794,489		231,744		-	-		2,026,233
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net		6,405,407		(37,493)		-	-		6,367,914
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	6,666,342	\$	757,986	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,424,328

Depreciation charged to governmental functions on the Statement of Activities during the year is as follows: \$196,367 to General Government, \$33,327 to Public Safety, and \$2,050 to Public Works. No interest was capitalized during the year.

Note 6 - Capital Assets, (continued)

Proprietary fund type property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Business-Type Activities	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2016	_	Additions	_	Deletions	 Transfers		Balance ine 30, 2017
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$	212,547	\$	_	\$	-	\$ _	\$	212,547
Construction in Progress	·	· -	·	-	·	-	-		· -
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		212,547		=		=	-		212,547
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:									
Buildings		285,984		-		-	-		285,984
Improvements Other Than Buildings		12,772,148		=		-	-		12,772,148
Machinery and Equipment		328,763		165,617		-	-		494,380
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated:		13,386,895		165,617		-	-		13,552,512
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings		115,956		6,821		-	-		122,777
Improvements Other Than Buildings		6,006,919		295,284		-	-		6,302,203
Machinery and Equipment		208,869		-		-	-		208,869
Total Accumulated Depreciation		6,331,744		302,105		-	-		6,633,849
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net		7,055,151		(136,488)			-		6,918,663
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	7,267,698	\$	(136,488)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,131,210

Depreciation charged to business-type activities on the Statement of Activities during the year is as follows: \$175,976 to Water Utility and \$126,129 to Water Reclamation and Sewer. No interest was capitalized during the year.

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance June 30, 2016					Reductions		Balance June 30, 2017		ue Within Ine Year
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$	65,811	\$	34,249	\$	-	\$	100,060	\$	-
Total Governmental Activities		65,811		34,249		-		100,060		-
Business-Type Activities:										
Revenue Bonds		889,000		-		(32,000)		857,000		37,000
Certificates of Participation		1,317,525		-		(40,000)		1,277,525		42,000
Total Business-Type Activities		2,206,525		-		(72,000)		2,134,525		79,000
Total Statement of Net Assets Long-Term Activities	\$	2,272,336	\$	34,249	\$	(72,000)	\$	2,234,585	\$	79,000
RDA Successor Agency Private Purpo	ose 1	Γrust:		·		, ,				· ·
Tax Allocation Bonds	\$	1,965,000	\$	-	\$	(65,000)	\$	1,900,000	\$	65,000
Revenue Bonds		1,515,000		-		(25,000)		1,490,000		25,000
Total Fiduciary Fund Long-Term Activities	\$	3,480,000	\$	_	\$	(90,000)	\$	3,390,000	\$	90,000
Long Tom Addivided	Ψ	3, 100,000	Ψ		Ψ	(30,000)	Ψ	3,330,000	Ψ	00,000

The compensated absences for governmental and business-type activities will be paid by the respective funds in which the expense was accrued. Compensated absences for governmental activities are typically paid from the General Fund.

Governmental Activities:

Compensated Absences	\$ 100,060
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 100,060

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities, (continued)

Business-Type Activities:

Revenue Bonds:

\$	805,000
	44,000
	8,000
\$	857,000
Þ	387,525
	890,000
\$	1,277,525
<u>\$</u>	2,134,525
	\$ \$

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities, (continued)

RDA Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund:

Tax Allocation Bonds:

Tax Allocation Bonds dated July 1, 2007, in the original amount of \$2,445,000 at 3.65% to 4.75% interest; payable semi-annually commencing December 1, 2007. Principal is due annually commencing June 1, 2008, with final payment due June 1, 2036. Secured by tax revenues of the Redevelopment Agency.

\$ 1,900,000

Revenue Bonds:

Tax Revenue Bonds dated March 1, 2011 in the original amount of \$1,600,000 at 11.0% interest; payable semi-annually commencing June 1, 2011. Principal is due annually commencing December 1, 2011, with final payment due December 1, 2035. Secured by tax revenues of the Redevelopment Agency.

1,490,000

Total RDA Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund

\$ 3,390,000

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded indebtedness and other long-term liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending		Revenue Bonds			Certificates of Participation			
June 30	F	Principal Interest		Principal		Interest		
2018	\$	37,000	\$	38,213	\$	42,000	\$	62,575
2019		38,000		36,488		44,000		60,560
2020		38,000		34,713		47,000		58,402
2021		39,000		32,940		49,000		56,153
2022		30,000		31,051		50,000		53,810
2023-2027		150,000		135,005		292,000		229,957
2028-2032		175,000		98,440		235,525		152,645
2033-2037		190,000		58,051		186,000		95,030
2038-2042		160,000		14,400		226,000		52,105
2043-2044		-		-		106,000		6,800
Total	\$	857,000	\$	479,301	\$	1,277,525	\$	828,037

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities, (continued)

RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust

Year Ending	 Tax Allocation Bonds				Revenue Bonds		
June 30	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2018	\$ 65,000	\$	85,816	\$	25,000	\$	163,900
2019	70,000		83,031		30,000		161,150
2020	70,000		80,144		30,000		157,850
2021	75,000		77,050		35,000		154,550
2022	75,000		73,713		40,000		150,700
2023-2027	445,000		311,864		275,000		676,500
2028-2032	550,000		198,187		465,000		488,400
2033-2036	550,000		53,439		590,000		170,500
Total	\$ 1,900,000	\$	963,244	\$	1,490,000	\$	2,123,550

Note 8 - Unearned Revenue / Deferred Inflows of Resources

Unearned Revenue consists of moneys received where the City has not yet incurred the qualifying expenditures as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		 Fiduciary Activities
LTF Revenues	\$	117,884	\$ -
Police Building Grant		3,204,521	-
RDA Successor - ROPS			 296,284
		_	
	\$	3,322,405	\$ 296,284
	<u> </u>		

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one transaction type that qualifies for reporting under this category; unavailable revenue is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The detail of unavailable revenue is as follows:

Governmental Activities

	_ <u>U</u>	<u>Inavailable</u>
HOME Grants	\$	4,786,047
CDBG Grants		1,088,730
CalHome Grants		850,111
Total	_\$_	6,724,888

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2017

Note 9 – Public Entity Risk Pools

The City maintains self-insurance programs for workers' compensation, general public liability, auto liability and property coverage through its membership in the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). The CSJVRMA is comprised of 55 member cities and special districts and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the CSJVRMA is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. Each member has a representative on the Board of Directors with officers of the CSJVRMA being elected annually by the Board Members.

Liability Program: The program provides \$28 million of coverage per occurrence for general & automobile liability and public officials errors & omission coverage. CSJVRMA members self-fund the first \$1 million of exposure; losses above \$1 million to \$28 million are covered through CSJVRMA's participation in the California Affiliated Risk Management Authority's (CARMA) excess pool. The California Affiliated Risk Management Authority (CARMA) is comprised of six member Joint Power Authorities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. Losses exceeding \$1 million up to \$28 million are covered through reinsurance. Within CSJVRMA's \$1 million retention, the City of Huron selected a self-insured retention of \$10,000. The pool shares all losses exceeding a member's self-insured retention.

Employment Practices Liability (EPL): This program from CSJVRMA covers the EPL exposures through the Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA). ERMA is comprised of eight members Joint Power Authorities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. ERMA covers \$1 million for each occurrence less the members' retained limit. The City of Huron's retained limit is \$25,000.

Workers' Compensation: The program is a risk sharing pool. The City self insures for the first \$500,000 of liability. Losses in excess of \$500,000, up to \$5 million are covered through CSJVRMA's participation in the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess JPA (LAWCX) which is comprised of 32 different Joint Power Authorities. For excess coverage, LAWCX is a member of the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority which provides coverage up to the statutory limit.

Property Insurance: The City, through its membership in CSJVRMA participates in the Public Entity Property Insurance Program (PEPIP) along with other California public entities. PEPIP is a national property insurance program with several hundred members including the City of Huron. The PEPIP policy is an all-risk, replacement cost policy that covers: tax interruption; municipal bond revenue interruption; service interruption from public and private utilities for gas, electric, water and telecommunication; and vehicle comprehensive and collision. The CSJVRMA's deductible through PEPIP's is \$25,000. The City of Huron's deductible is \$1,000 per occurrence. The program has a \$1,000,000,000 loss limit per occurrence, with various sub limits.

City of Huron

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 9 – Public Entity Risk Pools, (continued)

The latest audited financial information available from CSJVRMA is for the year ended June 30, 2016 as follows:

Total Assets Total Liabilities	\$ 100,984,219 83,009,648
Net Position	\$ 17,974,571
Total Revenue Total Expenses	\$ 44,425,133 41,885,394
Change in Net Position	\$ 2,539,739

Note 10 – Pension Plan

The City contributes to and acts as plan administrator to the City of Huron Profit Sharing Plan (the Plan), a defined contribution pension plan. All permanent full-time employees with one year of service may participate. The plan provides that the City's rate of contribution is at the discretion of the City, with a maximum of 15%. The plan is independently administered by Hicks Pension Services and all investments are directed by the administrator. During the current fiscal year the City contributed \$0 to the plan. All plan assets are stated at market value as determined by the administrator. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Employees become vested in City contributions and earnings on City contributions as follows:

- 0% in the first year, then
- 20% per year thereafter

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. For the year ended June 30, 2017, there were no forfeitures. The City had no liability to the Plan at June 30, 2017.

Note 11 - Other Disclosures

Pledged Revenues

The City of Huron has pledged certain water, sewer and tax revenues for the repayment of long-term debt obligations.

Economic Dependency

The City is dependent upon taxes and user fees received from the residents of the Huron area.

Date of Management Evaluation

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 9, 2018, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2017, some expenditures exceeded appropriations. The over expenditures were funded from current tax revenue and charges for services. All City expenditures were approved by the City Council.

City of Huron

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

Note 11 – Other Disclosures, (continued)

Fund Deficits

The City had accumulated fund deficits in the following individual funds:

Governmental Funds:	
HOME Grant Fund	\$ (46,847)
CDBG Grant Fund	(57,333)
Street Projects	(103,300)
Non-Major Funds	 (103,485)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ (310,965)
Proprietary Funds:	
Refuse Collection and Disposal	\$ (468,709)

The HOME, CDBG and Street Projects deficits are a result of expenditures prior to grant reimbursement.

For the Refuse Collection and Disposal deficit, the City is attempting to increasing rates and improving operational efficiency.

Contingencies

Federal and State Government Programs – The City participates in several federal and state grant programs. These programs are subject to audit and review by the grantor pursuant to grant provisions. Expenditures may be disallowed by the granting agencies that cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

California Department of Housing and Community Development Grant - The City was awarded a \$1,500,000 grant by the California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) for development of an affordable home subdivision. Under the grant agreement, the City was required to repay the grant funds, with 6% interest, in the event the homes were not developed and sold on or before the January 1, 2017 expiration date of the grant. A development agreement was entered into with a developer who expended approximately \$1,300,000 of the grant funds under a promissory note. The City holds a \$1,500,000 Deed of Trust against the subdivision property securing the promissory note executed by the developer.

For various reasons, including the death of the developer, the January 1, 2017 deadline was not met. The City subsequently applied for a one year extension of time to January 1, 2018. HCD deferred making a decision on that request. With HCD's consent, the City obtained an order foreclosing on the Deed of Trust. The City has now proposed to HCD that it renew and extend the original grant agreement, extend the time for completing the affordable homes and allow for the City's acquisition of the property by foreclosure sale so that the \$1,500,000 loan can be converted to a grant as originally intended. HCD is currently evaluating this request. Whether the City will be required to repay the \$1,500,000 is uncertain. The City's position is that under the circumstances, there is little likelihood that this money will have to be repaid to HCD.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Huron REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE **GENERAL FUND** Year ended June 30, 2017

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts		ariance with inal Budget
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 356,000	\$ 332,341	\$	793,744	\$	461,403
Licenses & Permits	256,000	260,254		195,086		(65,168)
Intergovernmental	843,500	847,065		4,572,844		3,725,779
Charges for Services	21,900	97,802		111,265		13,463
Fines, Forfeitures & Assessments	39,300	27,477		40,294		12,817
Use of Money or Property	66,200	77,371		87,690		10,319
Contributions & Donations	-			-		-
Miscellaneous	20,000	20,000		135,181		115,181
Miscellarieous	 20,000	20,000		133,101	-	113,101
Total Revenues	1,602,900	1,662,310		5,936,104		4,273,794
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	243,229	240,359		265,299		24,940
Public Safety	1,166,395	1,237,504		1,262,015		24,511
Public Works	18,779	42,533		41,537		(996)
Community Development	125,697	146,916		126,978		(19,938)
Parks and Recreation	26,368	24,440		35,256		10,816
Capital Outlay:	20,300	24,440		35,250		10,616
				007.000		007.000
General Capital Outlay	-	-		807,630		807,630
Debt Service:						
Interest and Finance Charges	 			<u>-</u>		
Total Expenditures	 1,580,468	1,691,752		2,538,715		846,963
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	22,432	(29,442)		3,397,389		3,426,831
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	72,000	75,198		76,713		1,515
Transfers Out	72,000	70,100		70,710		
Sale of Inventory	_	_		196,835		196,835
date of inventory	 			190,033		190,033
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 72,000	75,198		273,548		198,350
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 94,432	\$ 45,756	•	3,670,937	\$	3,625,181
Fund Balances - Beginning				601,639		
Fund Balances - Ending			\$	4,272,576		

City of Huron REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE **HOME GRANT** Year ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Miscellaneous	 -	-		57,600		57,600	
Total Revenues	-	-		57,600		57,600	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community Development	-	-		-		-	
Capital Outlay:							
General Capital Outlay	-	-		-		-	
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	-	-		-		-	
Interest and Finance Charges	 -	-		-			
Total Expenditures	-	-					
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-		57,600		57,600	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	_	_		_		_	
Transfers Out	_	_		_		_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ 	=	57,600	\$	57,600	
Fund Balances - Beginning				(104,447)			
Fund Balances - Ending			\$	(46,847)			

City of Huron REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE **CDBG GRANT** Year ended June 30, 2017

		Original Budget	. <u> </u>	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	490,625	\$	490,625
Use of Money or Property		-		-		-		-
Loan Payments		-		-		14,633		14,633
Total Revenues		-		-		505,258		505,258
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community Development		-		-		39,990		39,990
Capital Outlay:								
General Capital Outlay		-		-		220,020		220,020
Total Expenditures		-		-		260,010		260,010
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		245,248		245,248
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		-		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-				
N - 01	•		•			0.45.040	•	0.45.040
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	-	=	245,248	\$	245,248
Fund Balances - Beginning						(302,581)		
Fund Balances - Ending					\$	(57,333)		

City of Huron REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE C Year ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 220,000	\$	299,166	\$	232,793	\$	(66,373)	
Use of Money or Property	-		-				-	
Total Revenues	220,000		299,166		232,793		(66,373)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Works	7,500		7,426		13,359		5,933	
Capital Outlay:								
General Capital Outlay	- FF0 000		- FF0 000		-		- (400 207)	
Street Improvements	 550,000		550,000		61,673		(488,327)	
Total Expenditures	 557,500		557,426		75,032		(482,394)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(337,500)		(258,260)		157,761		416,021	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In	-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out	 -		-				-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-				<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (337,500)	\$	(258,260)	=	157,761	\$	416,021	
Fund Balances - Beginning					764,356			
Fund Balances - Ending				\$	922,117			

City of Huron REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET PROJECTS Year ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$	251,838	\$	251,838	
Use of Money or Property	-	-		-		-	
Total Revenues	-	-		251,838		251,838	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public Works	-	-		-		-	
Capital Outlay:							
Street Improvements	 -	-		133,929		133,929	
Total Expenditures	 -	-		133,929		133,929	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-		117,909		117,909	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out	- -	- -		- -		- -	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	-					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ -	=	117,909	\$	117,909	
Fund Balances - Beginning				(221,209)			
Fund Balances - Ending			\$	(103,300)			

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS

City of Huron COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

				Sp	oecial	Revenue Fun	ds				Pr	Capital ojects Fund	Total Non-Majo	
	Cal HOME Grant			Gas Tax	Local ansportation		Public Safety	Landscape District		Public Impact Fees		Go	overnmental Funds	
Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables, net Prepaid Costs	\$	-	\$	661,980 - -	\$	130,176 208,795	\$	10,000	\$	106,949 - -	\$	149,458 - -	\$	1,048,563 218,795
Due from Other Funds Notes Receivable		- 877,659		-		-		-		-		-		- 877,659
Total Assets	\$	877,659	\$	661,980	\$	338,971	\$	10,000	\$	106,949	\$	149,458	\$	2,145,017
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds	\$	4,626 - - - 125,134	\$	835 - - -	\$	5,642 - 117,884 -	\$	- 4,492 - 6,781	\$	122 - -	\$	4,457 - -	\$	15,682 4,492 117,884 131,915
Total Liabilities		129,760		835		123,526		11,273		122		4,457		269,973
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue		850,111		-		-		-		-				850,111
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		850,111		-		-		-		-		-		850,111
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid Costs Restricted:		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Community Development Streets and Transportation		-		- 661,145		- 215,445		-		- 106,827		-		- 983,417
Law Enforcement Impact Fees Unassigned		- - (102,212)		- - -		- - -		- - (1,273)		- - -		145,001 -		145,001 (103,485)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		(102,212)		661,145		215,445		(1,273)		106,827		145,001		1,024,933
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	877,659	\$	661,980	\$	338,971	\$	10,000	\$	106,949	\$	149,458	\$	2,145,017

City of Huron COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

			Sr	ecial	Revenue Fund	ls					Capital jects Fund	Tota	al Non-Major
	Cal HOME Grant		Gas Tax		Local Transportation		Public Safety	L	andscape District	Puk	olic Impact Fees	Go	overnmental Funds
Revenues:													
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,326	\$	-	\$	16,326
Licenses & Permits		-	-		-		-		-		1,117		1,117
Intergovernmental		-	132,830		90,911		109,324		-		-		333,065
Fines, Forfeitures & Assessments		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Use of Money or Property		-	2,906		-		-		-		-		2,906
Loan Payments		-	-		-		-		-				-
Total Revenues		-	135,736		90,911		109,324		16,326		1,117		353,414
Expenditures:													
Current:													
Public Safety		-	-		-		113,816		-		-		113,816
Public Works		-	160,789		79,854		-		20,938		117,015		378,596
Community Development		70,330	-		-		-		-		-		70,330
Capital Outlay:													
General Capital Outlay		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Street Improvements		-	-		-		-		-				-
Total Expenditures		70,330	160,789		79,854		113,816		20,938		117,015		562,742
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(70,330)	(25,053)		11,057		(4,492)		(4,612)		(115,898)		(209,328)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out		-	- -		- -		-		-		- -		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-		-		-		-				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(70,330)	(25,053)		11,057		(4,492)		(4,612)		(115,898)		(209,328)
Fund Balances - Beginning		(31,882)	686,198		204,388		3,219		111,439		260,899		1,234,261
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	(102,212)	\$ 661,145	\$	215,445	\$	(1,273)	\$	106,827	\$	145,001	\$	1,024,933

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

ADDITIONAL REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Albert & Associates, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Huron, California:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Huron, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise he City of Huron, California's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Huron, California's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Huron, California's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Huron, California's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

AGRI-BUSINESS CENTER

2235 Highway 46 • Suite 101 • Wasco, CA 93280
Phone 661/758-1191 • 661/399-2236 • Fax 661/758-6195
cpafirm@albert-cpa.com

Phone 661/399-2236

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Huron, California's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Albert & Associates, LLP

Wasco, California January 9, 2018